SREE SIDDHARTHA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, TUMKUR
(Constituent college of Sri Siddhartha Academy of Higher Education, Tumkur)
Code: ESECI-202
Sub: Basic Electronics Engineering
Date: 06/06/2022
Test-II
Time.1.45 to 2.45 PM Date: 06/06/2022

### **Answer the following Questions:**

Q.NO		Marks	СО	BL
1	Explain, with the help of a block diagram, the principle of operation of an NPN transistor, showing the depletion regions and	6	1	1
2	Sketch the transistor common base input and output	6	2	2
3	characteristics. Explain the shape of each set of characteristics.	6	2	2
4	Explain the operation of the base bias circuit using an NPN transistor and write the equation for $I_B$ , $I_C$ and $V_{ce}$	_6	2	2
5	What is an Op-AMP? Mention the ideal characteristics of Op-AMP.	6	1	1

### SREE SIDDHARTHA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, TUMKUR

(Constituent college of Sri Siddhartha Academy of Higher Education, Tumkur)
e: ESECI-202
Sub: Basic Electronics Engineering Code: ESECI-202

Time: Test-1 Date: 09.05.2022

#### Answer the following Questions:

Q.NO		Marks	СО	BL
1	Explain the operation of semiconductor diode with V-I characteristics.	6	2	1
2	Draw the circuit of a bridge rectifier and explain its operation.	6	2	2
3	Explain how Zener diode can be used as a voltage regulator.	6	1	3
4	A germanium diode is used in a	6	2	2
	rectifier circuit and is operating at a temperature of 25°C with a reverse saturation current of			
	1000μA. Calculate the value of forward current if it is forward biased by 0.22V.			
5	Explain the avalanche and Zener break down.	6	2	2

# Sri Siddhartha Institute of Technology, Tumkur (A constituent college of Sri Siddhartha Academy of Higher Education, Tumkur)

**ES-ECI102: BASIC ELECTRONICS** 

Date: 09/0 Time: 9.30			ax Ma , G, H,	rks: 30 1 & J
Q.No		Marks	СО	BL
1.	Explain the V-I characteristics of a semiconductor PN junction diode.	5	1	2
2.	For a silicon diode working at temperature 25°C, the forward voltage applied across the diode is 0.5V. Calculate its forward current, if the reverse saturation current is 10nA.	5	1	3
3.	With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working of bridge rectifier with capacitor filter. And also draw input and output waveforms.	5	2	2
4.	A $5k\Omega$ load is fed from a bridge rectifier connected across a transformer which having $V_{rms}$ =23 V. Calculate $I_{dc}$ , $V_{dc}$ , efficiency and ripple factor.	5	1	3
5.	Sketch and explain input and output characteristics of a transistor in CE configuration.	5	1	2
6.	Illustrate the relationship between $\alpha$ and $\beta$ of a transistor. And also calculate $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $l_b$ for a transistor which has $lc=2.5mA$ , $le=2.6mA$ .	5	1	3
	e - 19 THA TRUE - 1 1 1 THE TOTAL CONTROL TO THE SALE AND THE THE THE THE THE TOTAL CONTROL THE THE			

## SRI SIDDHARTHA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, TUMAKURU

(A constituent college of Sri Siddhartha Academy of Higher Education, Tumakuru) **SUMMER: BASIC ELECTRONICS** 

Date:22/09/2021

TEST1

Time:1.30Hr

NET T		М	С	В
1	With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms explain	8	2	2
	Bridge rectifier.		, A.	1
2	Sketch and explain input and output characteristics of a transistor in CE configuration.	8	1	2
3	For a silicon diode working at temperature 25°C, the forward voltage applied across the diode is 0.5V. Calculate its forward current, if the reverse saturation current is 10nA.	4	1	3
<b>A.</b>	For a fixed base circuitV <sub>cc</sub> =20V, R <sub>B</sub> =470k $\Omega$ , R <sub>C</sub> =2.2k $\Omega$ and $\beta$ =150. Calculate I <sub>B</sub> , I <sub>C</sub> and V <sub>CE</sub> . (Assume V <sub>BE</sub> =0.7V)	10	2	3
5.	Obtain the relationship between $\alpha$ and $\beta$ of a transistor. And also calculate $\alpha$ , $\beta$ and $I_b$ for a transistor which has Ic=2.5mA, Ie=2.6mA.	10	1	3
1	NOTE: M is marks, C is Course Outcomes and B is Blooms level		2 .	

# Sri Siddhartha Institute of Technology, Tumkur (A constituent college of Sri Siddhartha Academy of Higher Education, Tumkur)

### ES-ECI102: BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Date: 30/03/2021 Time: 9.40-10.40 AM TEST3

Max Marks: 20 F, G, H, I & J

Q.No		Marks	СО	BL
1.	Explain the working of Colpitts oscillator using CE configured transistor.	6	4	2
2.	State and explain barkhausen criteria for obtaining sustained oscillation.	4	4	2
3.	With a neat circuit, Explain the working of single stage RC coupled amplifier and draw its frequency response.	6	2	2
4.	In a hartley oscillator having tank circuit parameters as L1=0.1mH and L2=1mH. If C=200pF calculate the frequency of oscillations.	4	2	2